Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -8-

REMARKS

Under Continued Examination under RCE, the Examiner has objected to the specification. Furthermore, the Examiner has rejected claims 1, 12 21 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. §112, First and Second Paragraphs. The Examiner has rejected claims 21 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. §101. For prior art rejections, the Examiner has rejected independent claims 1 through 22 under 35 U.S.C. §103 on the previous rejection bases.

The independent claims have been voluntarily amended in the previous response to further clarify the subject matter of the current invention. No new matter has been added by the current claim amendment, and the scope of the claims remains substantially identical. In view of the previous claim amendment and the following remarks, the Applicant respectfully requests the Examiner to reconsider the pending rejections.

The Objection To Specification

The Examiner has objected to the specification as allegedly not supporting the subject matter limitations in the previously amended claims. In particular, the Examiner has pointed out that the specification lacks support for "automatically generating a new address definition including a new address."

In response to the above objection, the Applicant respectfully requests the Examiner to direct his attention to pages 5 through 9 of the specification. On pages 7 and 8 of the current application, the original disclosure provides the step-by-step description of how to generate a new address definition with respect to a flow char of Figures 3A and 3B. In particular, as described on lines 31 and 32 on page 8, "[b]ased upon the above newly generated data from the steps 10 through 13, new address definition is generated in step S14." The above generation of the new address definition is automatically performed by a predetermined combination of software and hardware.

PATENT

DOCKET NO.: RCOH-1044

Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -9-

Thus, it is believed that the original disclosure of the current application clearly support

the subject matter limitations of "automatically generating a new address definition."

On page 6 of the current application, the original disclosure includes "Delivery

Address" which is a part of the "address definition" that is defined starting at line 26 of

page 5. The Delivery Address in turn includes "e-mail address," "a telephone number"

and "a folder/name/a document distribution device name" depending upon "the delivery

method." In addition, the specification describes how a new address is generated in the

step 13 of Figure 3B. The specification at lines 29 through 31 on page 8 specifically

discloses that "in a step S13, by applying a delivery address generation method of the rule

definition to the address definition, a converted delivery address is obtained." A detailed

example of the above rule application is also provided on pages 11 through 13. In this

example, the step 13 is illustrated at lines 4 through 8 on page 13. Thus, it is believed

that the original disclosure of the current application clearly support the subject matter

limitations of "a new address definition including a new address."

Based upon the above detailed discussions, the Applicant respectfully submits the

Examiner to withdraw the objection to the specification. If the Examiner still believes

that the original disclosure lacks proper support for the above subject matter limitations,

the Applicant requests the Examiner to kindly specify the exact lacking disclosure that is

necessary to satisfy the requirement.

The Section 112 Rejections

The Examiner has rejected claims 1, 12 21 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. §112, First and

Second Paragraphs. In response to these claim rejections, the Examiner is kindly asked

to consider the above arguments for traversing the objection to the specification.

On pages 7 and 8 of the current application, the original disclosure provides the

step-by-step description of how to generate a new address definition with respect to a

9

DOCKET NO.: RCOH-1044 PATENT

Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -10-

flow char of Figures 3A and 3B. In particular, as described on lines 31 and 32 on page 8,

"[b]ased upon the above newly generated data from the steps 10 through 13, new address

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is automatically performed by a predetermined combination of software and hardware.

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discloses that "in a step S13, by applying a delivery address generation method of the rule

definition to the address definition, a converted delivery address is obtained." A detailed

example of the above rule application is also provided on pages 11 through 13. In this

example, the step 13 is illustrated at lines 4 through 8 on page 13.

In view of the above disclosures, the Applicant believes that independent claims 1,

12 21 and 22 contain the patentable features that are sufficiently described in the

specification in such a way to reasonably convey to one of ordinary skill in the relevant

art that the inventors, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed

invention. Thus, the Applicant respectfully submit to the Examiner to withdraw the

rejections of claims 1, 12 21 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. §112, First Paragraph.

Further more, also based upon the above disclosures, the Applicant believes that

independent claims 1, 12 21 and 22 contain the patentable features that are particularly

pointed out and distinctly claimed which the Applicant regards as the invention. Thus,

the Applicant respectfully submit to the Examiner to withdraw the rejections of claims 1,

12 21 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. §112, Second Paragraph.

10

Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -11-

The Section 101 Rejections

The Examiner has rejected claims 21 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. §101 as allegedly being directed to non-statutory subject matter. In Paragraph 14 of the Office Action, the Examiner has stated that the rejected claims lack statutory subject matter since "no requisite functionality is presented to satisfy the practical application requirement." The Examiner has cited a "useful, concrete and tangible result" as a necessary requirement in Paragraph 15. Then, in Paragraph 14, the Examiner also states that "[t]here is no mention in the applicant's specification what 'a computer readable medium' consists of." It is not clear from Paragraph 14 if the Examiner has pointed out two separate grounds for the rejection under 35 U.S.C. §101. In this response, the Applicant has assumed that the Examiner has rejected claims 21 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. §101 based upon the two separate grounds.

For satisfying the practical application requirement to bring about a useful, concrete and tangible result, the Applicant respectfully request the Examiner to consider the step of "returning the newly generated address definition including the new address" in the rejected claims. The newly generated address definition is a useful, concrete and tangible result that is "maintained in a flexible and independent manner" as the new address generation is "optionally performed in combination with a predetermined set of rules on the addresses that are stored in an independent address maintenance unit." (see all in Abstract).

Figure 1 of the current application discloses a "memory unit." It appears irrelevant whether or not the specification discloses as to what kind of a computer readable medium. The Applicant respectfully requests the Examiner to clarify the second ground of rejection under 35 U.S.C. §101 with respect to the kind of a computer readable medium.

11

DOCKET NO.: RCOH-1044

Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -12-

Based upon the above reasons, the Applicant respectfully submit to the Examiner to withdraw the rejections of claims 21 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. §101.

The Section 103 Rejections

The Examiner has rejected claims 1, 2, 12 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Holleran et al. in view of Taylor et al. The Examiner has also rejected claims 3, 4, 10 and 11 under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Holleran et al. and Taylor et al. and further in view of Krishnaswamy et al. The Examiner has rejected claims 5 through 9 under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Holleran et al., Taylor et al. and Krishnaswamy et al. further in view of Ouchi. Lastly, the Examiner has indicated the rejection bases of claims 13 through 21 correspond to those of claims 1 through 12 and 22.

The Examiner has repeated the previous rejection bases in Paragraphs 16 through 34 of the pending Office Action. Because of the new grounds of rejections that are not based upon prior art, the Examiner has failed to explain as to why the previously amended claims would not overcome the pending rejection bases. For this reason, the Applicant here below presents the previously submitted arguments to distinguish over the cited prior art references in the pending rejections. That is, the Examiner had previously alleged that "automatically generating a new address definition ... is very much different from automatically generating a new address." Although the applicant believes that the new address definition includes a new address, for the sake of advancing prosecution, the applicant has further elucidated the patentable feature of the current invention as the Examiner has implied.

Previously amended independent claims 1 and 12 explicitly recite "automatically generating a new address definition including a new address" and "the newly generated

DOCKET NO.: RCOH-1044 PATENT

Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -13-

address including some components based upon the corresponding predetermined rule definition and the corresponding conditions" By the same token, previously amended independent claims 21 and 22 similarly recite "automatically generating a new address definition including the new address" and "the newly generated address including some components based upon the corresponding predetermined rule definition and the corresponding condition." In other words, a new address is "automatically" generated according to a predetermined rule and a predetermined condition.

For rejecting independent claims 1, 12, 21 and 22, the Examiner has combined Holleran et al. and Taylor et. Al. In this regard, the Holleran et al. reference discloses an apparatus for depicting an electronic mail address in either a filed format or a string format. As described with respect to pairs of Figures 6B and 6C, Figures 8 and 9, Figures 11a and 11b as well as Figures 12a and 12b, the same address is shown either in the filed format or the string format. The string format shows the address information in an unformatted way. On the other hand, the field format shows the same address in a predetermined formatted way. For example, Figure 11a illustrates the format style by displaying "Pat Holleran" and "3rd Floor" in the two predetermined units of information as name and zone. On the other hand, Figure 11b illustrates the string style by displaying "PatHolleran@3rd Floor," which is generated from the same information without any conditional limitation.

The Examiner has conceded in Paragraph 6 of the currently pending Office Action that the Holleran et al. reference "fails to teach generating a new address definition based upon the corresponding conditions at the second device, the newly generated address definition including some components based upon the corresponding predetermined rule definition and corresponding conditions." For the lack of the necessary disclosure, the Examiner has cited the Taylor et al. reference.

DOCKET NO.: RCOH-1044 PATENT

Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -14-

In general, the Taylor et al. reference discloses an integrated system for electronic mail, facsimile transmission, terminal emulation and file synchronization among distributed computers. An electronic address book allows information to be efficiently sent to users of both electronic mail and facsimile transmission. To optimize the communication, five types of address cards are implemented to include a person card, a group card, a computer card, a calling card and a service card. For example, the person type address cards hold personal and destination information about a specific person or entity. Similarly, the group type address cards hold group/personal and destination information about a specific person or group. The personal/group and destination information further include a list of "electronic mail addresses" as well as phone and fax numbers. The only existing mail addresses are stored, and no new mail addresses are "automatically" generated.

In his characterization of the second prior art reference, the Examiner has asserted that the Taylor et al. teaches both of the lacking disclosures in the Holleran et al. reference. For the lacking disclosure, "a new address definition based upon the corresponding conditions at the second device," the Examiner has alleged that the Taylor et al teach the same subject matter at line 52, column 23 through line 18, column 24. Similarly, for the lacking disclosure, "the newly generated address definition including some components based upon the corresponding predetermined rule definition and corresponding conditions," the Examiner has alleged that the Taylor et al teach the same subject matter at lines 19 through 40, column 24.

The Taylor et al. reference at line 52, column 23 through line 18, column 24 discloses how to "assemble pieces of the message, which collectively form the envelop, and create a package which conform to the format requirements of the communication service to which the package is intended" with respect to FIGURE 16. (lines 6 through 9, column 24). In regard to address, the Service type address card contains the user identification, the password and the telephone access number for an electronic mail. (line

DOCKET NO.: RCOH-1044 PATENT

Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -15-

66, column 23 through line 4, column 24). In contrary to the Examiner's characterization, the Applicant respectfully submit that the first alleged portion of the Taylor et al. reference thus fails to teach, disclose or suggest "a new address definition based upon the corresponding conditions at the second device."

By the same token, the Taylor et al. reference at lines 19 through 40, column 24 discloses methods including "GetAddressTemplate" and "MakePckage." In particular, the "GetAddressTemplate" method only confirms the address format for the service provider. (lines 19 through 22, column 24). The "MakePckage" method receives (i) an array of items to be included in the package, (ii) a list of recipients, (iii) description, (iv) a message, (v) a list of attachment files and (vi) a time stamp. (lines 23 through 29, column 24). The "MakePckage" method prepares a communication package including the above in a format that is acceptable to a destination communication service. (lines 29 through 31, column 24). The rest of the cited portion discloses "DestroyData," "GetNote," "GetDistList" and "GetAttachments" methods for reversing the above packaging processes for obtaining a specified information from a package. (lines 32 through 40, column 24). Thus, in contrary to the Examiner's characterization, the Applicant respectfully submit that the second alleged portion of the Taylor et al. reference again fails to teach, disclose or suggest "the newly generated address definition including some components based upon the corresponding predetermined rule definition and corresponding conditions."

For the rejections of dependent claims, the Examiner has cited two additional prior art references in further combination of the above discussed prior art references. Namely, the Krishnaswamy et al. reference generally discloses systems and methods of routing and managing telephone calls, data and other multimedia information including audio and video through a switched network such as a Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) which includes transfer of information across the Internet. In managing

DOCKET NO.: RCOH-1044

Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -16-

the above system, a user profile information is stored, and the user information includes name, address, fax number, IP address and e-mail address as disclosed in column 27.

Furthermore, the Krishnaswamy et al. reference discloses "X. INTERNET TELEPHONY AND RELATED SERVICES" in columns 74 through 113. The communication in the Internet telephony includes connections between 1) PC to PC, 2) PC to PSTN, 3) PSTN to PC and 4) PSTN to PSTN. To manage these communication transactions, the user profile method is created based upon the information that is gathered from individual users as disclosed in column 108. The information includes name, address, e-mail address and IP addresses that have been already generated before and stored elsewhere. The user must input the above information.

The Ouchi reference generally discloses a message-based workflow systems and methods for computer networks. By use of the e-mail based system, the Ouchi reference exemplifies a workflow of submitting, approving and reimbursing business expenses for predetermined projects. For each project, a predetermined set of e-mail addresses is assigned to perform the above exemplary tasks. For example, the approval task is performed by a predetermined singular manager or one of pre-assigned managers depending upon the employee who submits the request. In any case, the e-mail addresses are stored in advance for various employees, tasks and projects, and the predetermined rules or conditions simply determine to retrieve one of the previously stored e-mail addresses. In other words, the retrieved address is not "automatically" generated, but simply retrieved.

For the above reasons, even if the four cited references are combined in any manner, no teaching, disclosure or suggestion is provide based upon the combined cited references for the generation of a new address that is different from an existing one.

PATENT

DOCKET NO.: RCOH-1044

Application No.: 10/057,046

Response to Office Action of April 8, 2008

Amendment dated July 2, 2008

Page -17-

Dependent claims 2 through 11 ultimately depend from independent claim 1 and

incorporate the patentable feature. Dependent claims 13 through 20 ultimately depend

from independent claim 12 and incorporate the same patentable feature of independent

claim 12. Thus, it would not have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to

provide the patentable feature of the independent claims based upon the four cited

references alone or in combination. Therefore, the Applicant respectfully submits the

Examiner to withdraw the rejections of claims under section 103.

Conclusion

In view of the above remarks and attachments, the Applicants respectfully

submits that all of the pending claims are in condition for allowance and respectfully

request a favorable Office Action so indicating.

Respectfully submitted,

/KEN I. YOSHIDA/

Ken I. Yoshida, Esq. Reg. No. 37,009

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KNOBLE YOSHIDA & DUNLEAVY LLC

Eight Penn Center, Suite 1350

1628 John F. Kennedy Boulevard

Philadelphia, PA 19103

Telephone: (215) 599-0600 Facsimile: (215) 599-0601